Black women are 41% more likely to die of breast cancer than white women.

Black women have a 31% breast cancer mortality rate – the highest of any U.S. racial or ethnic group.

Black breast cancer patients still have the lowest 5-year survival rate of any race or ethnicity. Overall 5-year relative survival rates are 81% for Black women vs 91% for white women.

Black women are 4 times more likely to have hereditary breast cancer mutations as white women, yet their participation in genetic counseling and testing is substantially lower.

Black women are diagnosed with de novo metastatic breast cancer at a 58% higher rate than white women.

Black women have denser breasts than white women. Having dense breasts increases your risk of developing breast cancer up to six-fold and regular mammograms struggle to pick up breast cancer in dense breasts.

Black breast cancer survivors have a 39% higher risk of breast cancer recurrence.

Triple Negative Breast Cancer

Triple Negative Breast Cancer is associated with worse prognosis, early relapse after standard chemotherapy, a high frequency of metastasis to lung, liver and brain and a low overall survival compared to other breast cancer subtypes.

Black women have a 3 times higher odds of being diagnosed with triple negative breast cancer than white women.

The poorest TNBC survival was observed in Black women with only 14% five-year relative survival.

Young Black Women

Black women under 35 get breast cancer at two times the rate of white women and die at three times the rate.

About 30% of all newly diagnosed Black breast cancer patients are younger than 50 years old.

Black women under 50 die at double the rate of white women.